

HUMANITARIAN UPDATE

Covering 17 July – 29 July 2018 | Issue 22

KEY ISSUES:

- The Humanitarian Coordinator for Yemen warns that civilians are at extreme risk in Al Hudaydah Governorate.
- UNICEF condemns attacks on a water facility in Sa'ada which cut off 10,500 people from safe drinking water.
- Between January and May 2018, humanitarian partners reached over 7.5 million people monthly with some form of humanitarian assistance.
- As of 29 July, a total number of 48,574 displaced households from Al Hudaydah Governorate have been registered and 40,393 have been assisted with RRM kits.

UPDATES FROM THE HUBS

Al Hudaydah: On 26, 27 and 28 July, airstrikes occurred near a reproductive health centre and public laboratory in Al Hudaydah and hit and damaged a sanitation facility in Zabid and a water station, which supplies the majority of the water to Hudaydah City. On 29 July, the Humanitarian Coordinator for Yemen, Lise Grande issued a statement warning that civilians are at extreme risk from airstrikes in Al Hudaydah Governorate where an unstoppable epidemic of cholera could be triggered should water and sanitation system breakdown. As of 29 July, some 30,647 displaced households (HH) from Al Hudaydah Governorate have been assisted through the rapid response mechanism (RRM) out of a total of 39,995 HHs registered.

Sa'ada: On 24 July, UNICEF issued a statement condemning an attack on a water facility in Sa'ada which destroyed more than half of the project, cutting off 10,500 people from safe drinking water. Education partners report that reconstruction works of three schools in Saqayn, Sahar and Kitaf Wa Al Boqe'e districts are almost complete and reconstruction of three additional schools in Saqayn and Majz districts is expected to start shortly. UNICEF reports having assessed the need to repair wash facilities in 60 schools in Sa'ada and Al Jawf governorates. As of 29 July, 17 displaced HHs from Al Hudaydah Governorate have been assisted through the rapid response mechanism (RRM) out of a total of 30 HHs registered. An increased number of suspected measles cases is reported in Al Jawf due to the low vaccination coverage.

Ibb: On 24 July, WHO delivered 20 motorbikes for the Rapid Response Teams in Ibb Governorate and four motorbikes for Taizz Governorate. In addition, a shipment of supplies to support 2,000 dialysis sessions was sent to the renal dialysis center in Al-Thawrah hospital in Ibb. During the reporting period, armed conflict intensified, although field reports referred to the civilian movement up to the proximity of Al-Barh area as normal. Indiscriminate shelling reportedly targeted the residential neighbourhoods inside and outside Taizz City. Casualties among civilians including children reported, figures are not confirmed. As of 29 July, 1,961 displaced HHs from Al Hudaydah Governorate have been assisted through the rapid response mechanism (RRM) out of a total of 4,686 HHs registered.

Aden: After the recent escalation of fighting in Al Thuhayat damaged the water network system and tanks, a local NGO was deployed to do repairs and deliver 10 water tankers to the city. On 25 July, a medical organization opened a field hospital in Al Mokha with 25 beds and an intensive care unit with six beds. The General Electric Company has signed a memorandum of understanding with a Yemeni oil company to establish two new power stations in Aden and Hadramaut governorates with a capacity of 264 megawatts and 100 megawatts respectively. Electricity cut-offs in Aden Governorate average 12-14 hours a day. As of 29 July, 2,799 displaced HHs have been assisted through the rapid response mechanism (RRM) out of a total of 3,599 HHs registered. An attack was reported on 29 July in Al Rebat IDP informal settlement in Lahj Governorate with one casualty confirmed.

Sana'a: On 29 July, the National Center for Health Education (NCHE) organized a two-day awareness course to launch the national polio immunization campaign which will target children under five years of age in the capital Sana'a. As of 29 July, 4,986 displaced HHs from Al Hudaydah Governorate have been assisted through the rapid response mechanism (RRM).



Photo by : Yemen Humanitarian Team

MORE PEOPLE ARE REACHED BY THE HUMANITARIAN OPERATION IN YEMEN

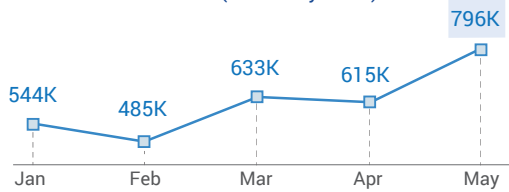
Despite a difficult operating environment, between January and May 2018, some 169 international and national partners actively coordinated to assist people with the most acute needs in priority districts across Yemen's 22 governorates. Together they have assisted over 7.5 million people monthly with some form of humanitarian assistance. In May, humanitarian organisations provided emergency food assistance to

7.5 million people – more than twice the number of people reached over a year ago. Water, sanitation and hygiene services that benefited 6.3 million people – a 60 per cent increase since January 2018. The number of people receiving health services has risen by 50 per cent during the same period.

Health Cluster

The number of people receiving health services has risen by 50 per cent. Overall, the cluster has reached 3.1 million people out of 12.3 million people targeted. The provision of health assistance continues to be challenged by the lack of salary payments to health staff and the fact that only 50 per cent of health facilities are fully functional.

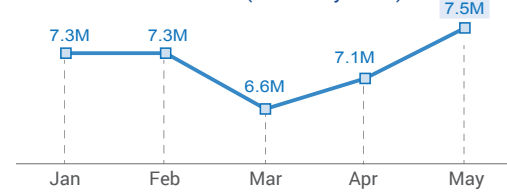
Number of beneficiaries (Jan - May 2018)



Food Security and Agriculture Cluster

A monthly average of 7.1 million people were reached with emergency food assistance through in kind, cash transfers and vouchers. In addition, approx. 871,000 individuals received livelihoods assistance including agricultural, livestock and fisheries inputs.

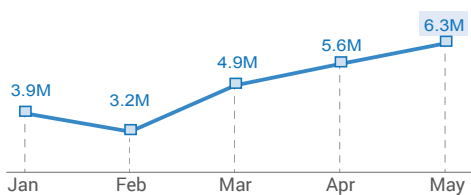
Number of beneficiaries (Jan - May 2018)



Water and Sanitation Cluster

9.3 million people were reached with wash assistance out of an overall caseload of 11.1 million people targeted. Overall, some 4.8 million people were reached with support to public water systems and 3.6 million people benefited from support to sanitation systems.

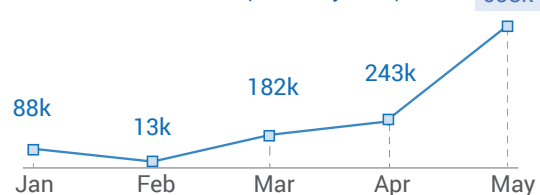
Number of beneficiaries (Jan - May 2018)



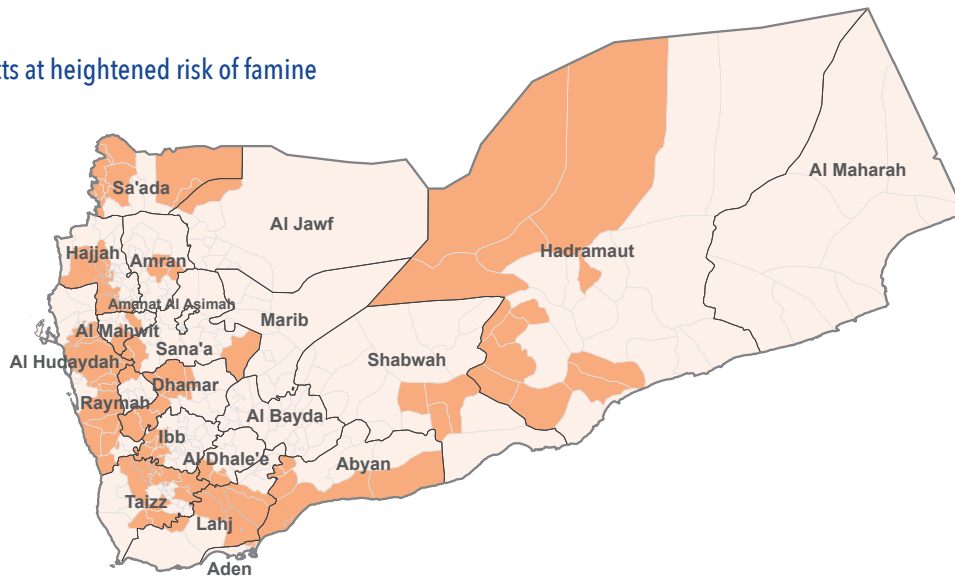
Nutrition Cluster

Out of an estimated 5.6 million people in need of nutrition assistance, some 1.2 million people were reached. Treatment for moderate and acute malnutrition was provided to 342,000 people out of a caseload of 2.9 million people targeted.

Number of beneficiaries (Jan - May 2018)



Districts at heightened risk of famine



107
DISTRICTS
at heightened risk of famine



10.4M
PEOPLE LIVING
in 107 famine districts



3.6M
PEOPLE TARGETED
in 107 famine districts



3.4M
PEOPLE REACHED
with assistance in 107 famine districts

CHOLERA UPDATE

WHO reports that the cumulative total suspected cholera cases reported from 27 April 2017 to 15 July 2018 stands at 1,121,143 with 2,316 associated deaths across the country. Children under five years of age constitute 28.8 per cent of the total suspected cases. As of 15 July, 171 districts, out of 305 affected districts across Yemen were still reporting suspected cholera cases. Table 1 outlines districts with highest cumulative suspected cholera cases since 1 January 2018.

Al Hali in Al Hudaydah Governorate	6,002
Ma'ain in Amanat Al Asimah Governorate	2,280
Radman Al Awad in Al Bayda Governorate	2,253
Al Mighlaf in Al Hudaydah Governorate	2,209
Dhamar City in Dhamar Governorate	2,174

Table 1



94

DIARRHOEA TREATMENT CENTERS (DTCs) supported



251

ORAL REHYDRATION CORNERS (ORCs) supported



10 M

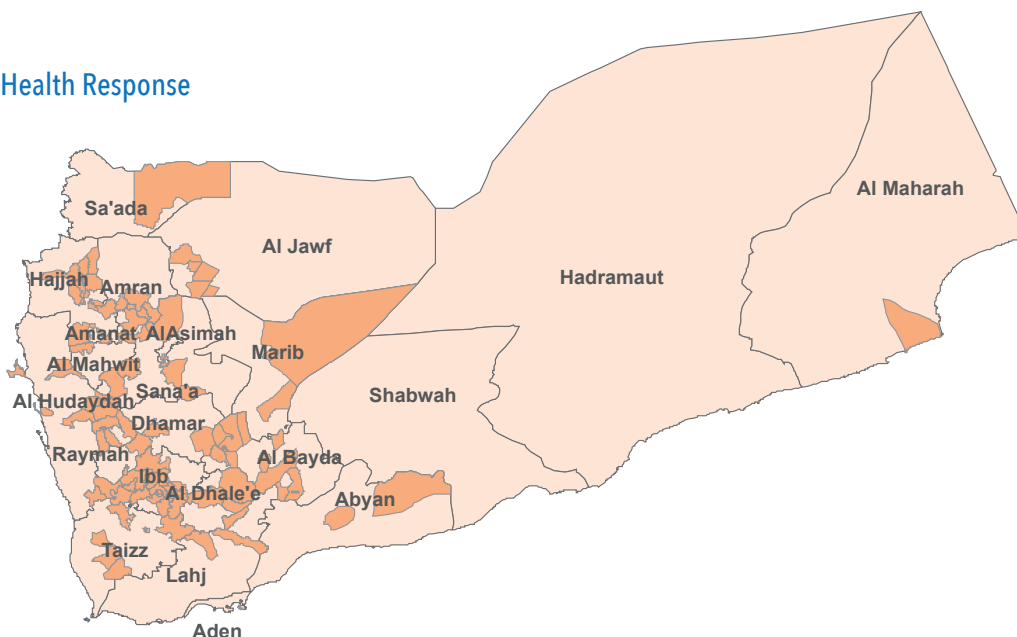
PEOPLE LIVE in 100 districts prioritized for cholera response



330

RAPID RESPONSE TEAMS

Cholera Health Response



UNVIM UPDATE

During the period from 18 June to 24 July 2018, three vessels discharged 63,274 MT of cargo at Yemen's Al Hudaydah sea port. No cargo was discharged at Saleef and Ras Isa ports.



29,552 MT



33,722 MT



0 MT

Source: UNVIM

FACTS ABOUT THE YEMEN HUMANITARIAN CRISIS



22M people
75%

of the population, need humanitarian assistance and protection



2.9M

children and women are acutely malnourished



8.4M

people do not know how they will obtain their next meal



48%

of women are illiterate; 25% of children are out of school



Less than
50%

of health facilities are functioning; 18% of districts have no doctors



2M

people are displaced; 1M people have returned to their home areas



16M people
55%

of the population, lack regular access to safe water and basic hygiene



98%
110%

increase in food prices
increase in fuel prices in last three years

For further information, please contact:

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